## Display Elektronik GmbH

# DATA SHEET

**OLED-MODULE** 

DEP 128032D-Y 1,04" - OLED

**Product Specification** 

**Ver.:** 0

25.02.2016

### 1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	25.02.2016		First Release

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## 1. General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module Dimension: 33.40 x 14.50 x 1.65 mm

Active Area: 25.58 x 6.38 mm

■ Dot Matrix: 128 x 64

Pixel Size: 0.176 x 0.176 mm
 Pixel Pitch: 0.200 x 0.200 mm
 Display Mode: Passive Matrix

■ Duty: 1/32 Duty

■ Display Color: Yellow

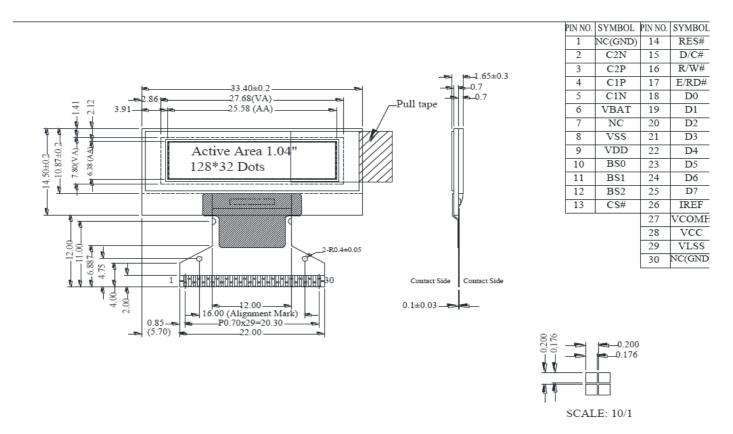
■ IC: SSD1306BZ (Solomon Systech)

### 2. Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function				
	N.C.	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)				
1	(GND)	The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the				
	,	function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.				
2	C2N	sitive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitorr Negative Terminal				
3	C2P	Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required				
4	C1P	between the terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not				
5	C1N	ed.				
		Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit				
	VDAT	This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage				
6	VBAT	converter. It must be connected to external source when the converter is				
		used. It should be connected to VDD when the converter is not used.				
7	NC	NC				
		Ground of Logic Circuit				
8	VSS	This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be				
		connected to external ground.				
9	VDD	Power Supply for Logic				
	VDD	This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.				
	BS0	Communicating Protocol Select				
10		These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the				
		following table:				
11	BS1	BS0 BS1 BS2				
''	ВОТ	I2C 0 1 0 3-wire SPI 1 0 0				
		4-wire SPI 0 0 0				
12	BS2	8-bit 68XX Parallel 0 0 1				
	502	8-bit 80XX Parallel 0 1 1				
		Chip Select				
13	CS#	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU				
		communication only when CS# is pulled low.				
		Power Reset for Controller and Driver				
14	RES#	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip				
		is executed.				
		Data/Command Control				
		This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the				
		input at D7~D0 is treated as display data.				
		When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will be transferred to the				
15	D/C#	command register. For detail relationship to MCU interface signals,				
10	D/O#	please refer to the Timing Characteristics Diagrams.				
		When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the				
		data at SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN				
		will be transferred to the command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as				
		SA0 for slave address selection.				

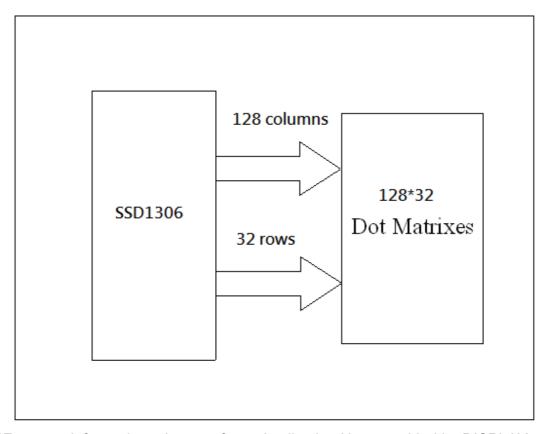
17	RDB	This is a MPU interface input pad. When connected to an 8080 series MPU, it is active LOW. This pad is connected to the RD signal of the 8080 series MPU, and the data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L". When connected to a 6800 series MPU, this is active HIGH. This is used as an enable clock input of the 6800 series MPU. When RD = "H": Enable. When RD = "L": Disable.
18	D0	This is an 8-bit bi-directional data bus that connects to an 8-bit or 16-bit
19	D1	standard MPU data bus.
20	D2	When the serial interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input
21	D3	pad (SCL) and D1
22	D4	serves as the serial data input pad (SI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high
23	D5	impedance.
24	D6	When the I2C interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input pad (SCL) and D1
25	D7	serves as the serial data input pad (SDAI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high impedance.
26	IREF	This is a segment current reference pad. A resistor should be connected between this pad and VSS. Set the current at 12.5mA.
27	VCOMH	This is a pad for the voltage output high level for common signals.  A capacitor should be connected between this pad and VSS.
28	VPP	OLED panel power supply. Generated by internal charge pump. Connect to capacitor. It could be supplied externally.
29	VLSS	This is a segment voltage reference pad. This pad should be connected to VSS externally.
30	NC(GND)	No connection

## 3. Counter Drawing & Block Diagram



The non-specified tolerance of dimension is  $\pm 0.3$ mm.

## <u>DEP 128032D-Y</u> FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



<sup>\*</sup>For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by DISPLAY.

## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	$V_{DD}$	0	4	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	Vcc	0	16	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40	+80	°C	

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

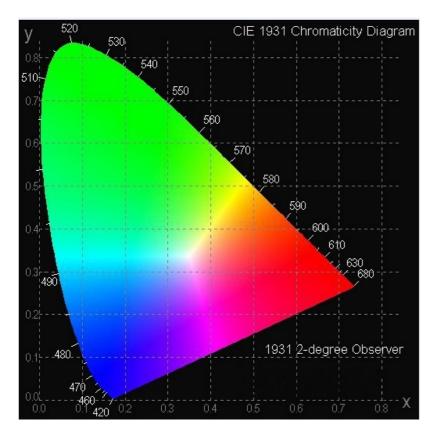
Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

### 5. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	7	7.25	7.5	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8VDD	_	VDD	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	VSS	_	0.2VDD	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.8VDD	_	VDD	V
Low Level Input	VOL	_	VSS	_	0.2VDD	V
50% Check Board operating C	urrent	VCC =7.25V	4	5	6	mA

### **6. Optical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View / tilgie	(Η)φ	_	160	_	_	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	_	_
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10	_	μs
Treopense Time	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs
Display with 50% check	S	100	120	_	cd/m2	
CIEx(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	_
CIEy(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	_



### 7. OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	50,000 Hrs	-	Note

#### Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

## 8. Reliability

ndition Applicable Standard
%RH
es —
z→1.5mmp-p Hz→1.5G 5hr
If sin ms of each
r
V,RS=1.5kΩ pF ——

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

#### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

#### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

# <u>DEP 128032D-Y</u>**9. Inspection specification**

NO	Item	Criterion					AQL
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing verti defect. 1.2 Missing char 1.3 Display malf 1.4 No function of 1.5 Current cons 1.6 OLED viewir 1.7 Mixed produ 1.8 Contrast defe	racter, dot unction. or no displ sumption e ng angle d ct types.	t or id lay. excee	con. eds product sp		0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	three white or black 2.2 Densely spands 3mm.					2.5
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non-display)	3.1 Round type following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2  X  T			SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (A	Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5	Wid W ± 0.0		Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using blac specifications, no to find, must che specify direction	k spot ot easy eck in	Φ: 0.2 0.5 1.0	ze Φ ≤ 0.20 20 < Φ ≤ 0.50 50 < Φ ≤ 1.00 00 < Φ tal Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED b	lack spots, white spot	s, contamination	
			/: Chip width z: 0 : Glass thickness a: th:		
		6.1 General glass chi 6.1.1 Chip on panel s	-	ween panels:	
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	
06	Chipped glass	Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x≦1/8a	2.5
	9.0.00	1/2t < z ≤ 2t ⊙ If there are 2 or mo	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
		6.1.2 Corner crack:	y y	gui oi each chip.	
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	
		Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x≤1/8a	
		1/2t < z ≤ 2t	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
		⊙If there are 2 or mo	ore chips, x is the total	l length of each chip.	

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL			
NO 06	Glass		<b>AQL</b> 2.5			
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip				
		thickness				
		$y \le L$ $x \le 1/8a$ $0 < z \le t$ $0$ If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO				
		must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal				
		specifications.				
		⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment				
		mark not be damaged. 6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.				
		y: width x: length				
		$y \le 1/3L$ $x \le a$				
		, sales   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1				

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	<ul> <li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li> <li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> </ul>	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	<ul><li>9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.</li><li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li></ul>	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	<ul> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> <li>10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> <li>12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.</li> <li>12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.</li> <li>12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.</li> <li>12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.</li> <li>12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.</li> <li>12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Pixel C Light Pixel

### 10.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

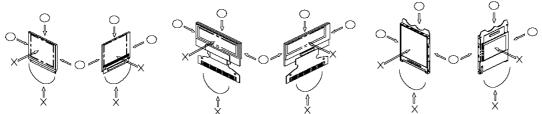
- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time.
- (10) DISPLAY has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) DISPLAY have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, DISPLAY have the right to modify the version.)

#### 10.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
- \* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- \* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

#### **10.2 Storage Precautions**

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from DISPLAY. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

#### 10.3 Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.