Display Elektronik GmbH

DATA SHEET

OLED-MODULE

DEP 128032B-Y 0,91" - OLED

Product Specification

Ver.: 6.1

1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	05.05.2015		First release
1	09.07.2015		Modify ICC&Life time
2	27.07.2015		Modify tolerance
3	18.11.2015		Modify Life Time
4	01.06.2016		Modify Static electricity test
5	21.11.2017		Modify Reliability test Condition
6	03.10.2018		Change Production Line
6.1	27.11.2018		Modify Static Electricity Test Content of Test

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1. General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

n Dot Martix: 128 x 32 Dots

n Module dimension: 30.00 x 11.50 x 1.41 mm

n Active Area: 22.384 x 5.584 mm

n Pixel Size: 0.152 x 0.152 mm

n Pixel Pitch: 0.175 x 0.175 mm

n Display Mode: Passive Matrix

n Display Color: Yellow

n Drive Duty: 1/32 Duty

n IC: SSD1306BZ

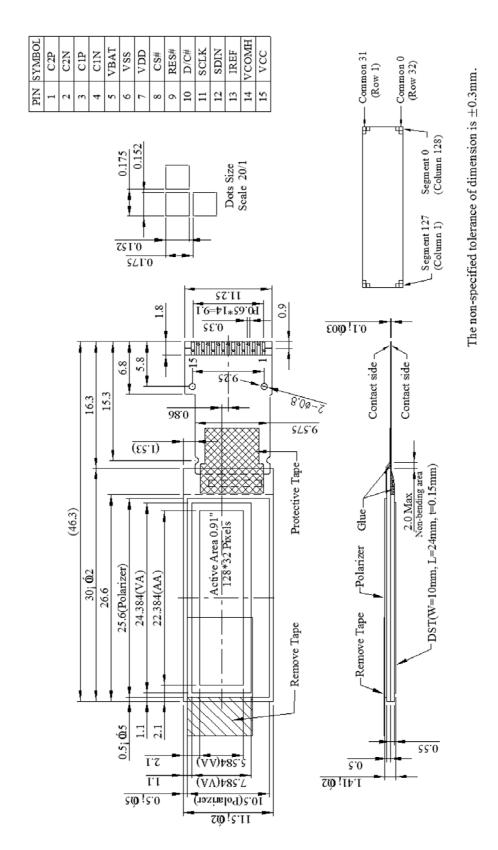
n Interface: 4-wire SPI

n Size: 0.91 Inch

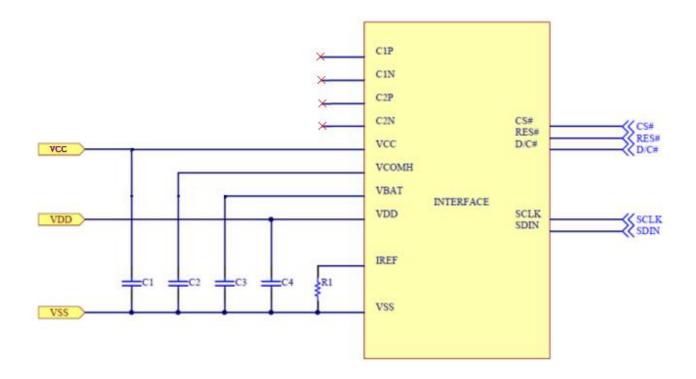
2. Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function
1	C2P	Desitive Tamainal of the China Invention Consultan Name to Tamainal of the
2	C2N	Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitor Negative Terminal of the
3	C1P	Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required between the terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not used.
4	C1N	the terminals. They must be hoated when the converter is not used.
		Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit
5	VBAT	This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage
	VDAI	converter. It must be connected to external source when the converter is
		used. It should be connected to VDD when the converter is not used.
_		Ground of Logic Circuit
6	VSS	This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be
		connected to external ground.
7	VDD	Power Supply for Logic
		This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.
	CC#	Chip Select
8	CS#	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication
		only when CS# is pulled low. Power Reset for Controller and Driver
9	RES#	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is
9		executed.
		Data/Command Control
		This pin is Data/Command control pin
		When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the data at
10	D/C#	SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will be
		transferred to the command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for
		slave address selection.
11	SCLK	When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0
12	SDIN	will be the serial clock input SCLK.
		Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment
13	IREF	This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected
		between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 12.5µA.
		Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal
14	VCOMH	This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A
		capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
		Power Supply for OEL Panel
	\ \(\(\)	This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization
15	VCC	capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter
		is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is not
		used.

3. Counter Drawing & Block Diagram



3.1 Application recommendations



Recommended components:

C1, C2, C5, C6: 2.2uF

C3, C4: 1.0uF

Bus Interface selection: 4-wire SPI

Voltage at IREF = VCC - 3V. For VCC = 7.25V, IREF = 30uA:

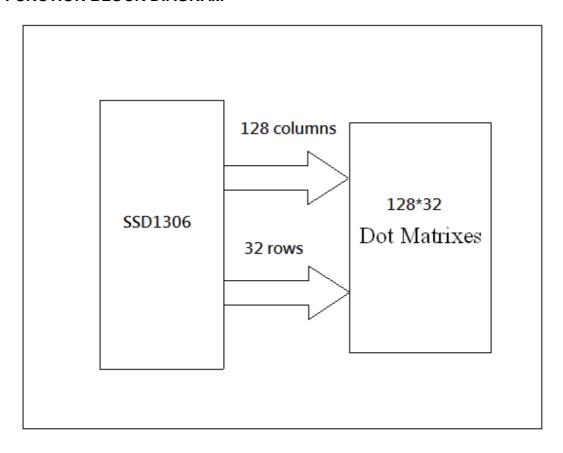
R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF

= (7.25-3) / 30u

 \cong 140K ohm

*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Display Elektronik GmbH

FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	0	4.0	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	16.0	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	_

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

5. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	7	7.25	8	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	_	0	_	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	_	0	_	0.1×VDD	V
Operating Current for VCC (VCC Supplied Externally)	ICC	Vcc =7.25V	-	6	10	mA

6. Optical Characteristics

6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
view Angle	(Η)φ	_	160	_	_	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	_	_
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10	_	μs
Treoponee Time	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs
Display with 50% check	SS	100	120	_	cd/m2	
CIEx(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	_
CIEy(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	_

6.2 Initial code

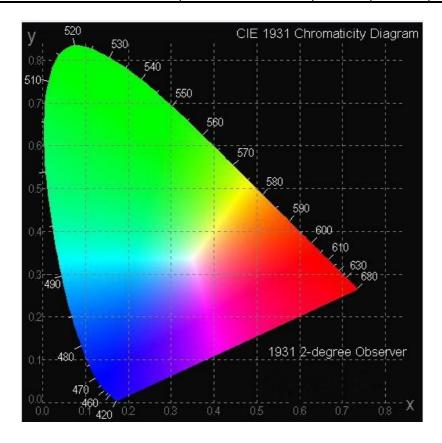
void Initial_ic(void){

}

```
Write command(0xAE); // Display Off
Write command(0xD5): //SET DISPLAY CLOCK
Write command(0x80); //105HZ
Write_command(0xA8); // Select Multiplex Ratio
Write command(0x1F); // Default => 0x3F (1/64 Duty)
                                                    0x1F(1/32 Duty)
Write_command(0xD3); //Setting Display Offset
Write_command(0x00); //00H Reset
Write _command(0x40); //Set Display Start Line
Write_command(0x8D); // Set Charge Pump
Write_command(0x14); // Endable Charge Pump
Write command(0xA1); //Set Segment Re-Map Default
Write_command(0xC8); //Set COM Output Scan Direction
Write command(0xDA): //Set COM Hardware Configuration
Write_command(0x02); //Alternative COM Pin---See IC Spec page 34
Write_command(0x81); //Set Contrast Control
Write command(0x8F);
Write_command(0xD9); //Set Pre-Charge period
Write command(0x22):
Write_command(0xDB); //Set Deselect Vcomh level
Write_command(0x40);
Write_command(0xA4); //Entire Display ON
Write_command(0xA6); //Set Normal Display
Write command(0xAF); // Display ON
```

DEP 128032B-Y 7.Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Viou Anglo	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg	
View Angle	(Η)φ	_	160	_	_	deg	
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	_	_	
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10	_	μs	
Response fille	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs	
Display with I	ghtness	100	120	_	cd/m2		
CIEx(Yellov	x,y(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	_		
CIEy(Yellov	x,y(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	_		



8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness 100cd/ m ²	50,000 Hrs	-	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

8. Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

ontent of Re	eliability Test		
Environmenta	l Test		
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C, 90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C, 90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C/80□ 30 cycles	
Mechanical Tes	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

9. Inspection specification

Inspection Standard:

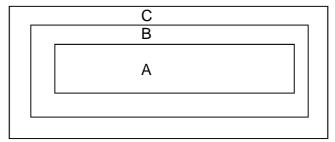
MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

Definition

1 Major defect: The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

2 Minor defect: The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.

Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer's product.

Inspection Methods

1 The general inspection: Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.

2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection: By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 	2.5

<u>DEP</u>	<u>128032B-Y</u>			Production	on Specifi	<u>cation</u>	
NO	Item		Criterio	า		AQL	
	OLED black spots, white spots, contamin ation (non- display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2 →X	SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable QTY Accept no dense 2 1 0	Zone A+ B, A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5	
03		3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)				2.5	
		 L≦3. L≦2.		—	A+B A+B		
			0.05 < W	As round type			
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5	
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination.				

NO	Item	Criterion Criterion	AQL
	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	2.5
06		6.1.2 Corner crack:	2.5
	Glass crack	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.5

<u>DEP</u>	128032B-Y	Production Specification				
NO	Item	Criterion	AQL			
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion: Y	2.5			
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5			
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	0.65 2.5 0.65			
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65			

	DEP 128032B-Y Production Specific			
NO	Item	Criterion	AQL	
10	PCB , COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.	2.5	
		10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.	2.5	
		10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.	0.65	
		10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.	2.5	
		10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.	2.5	
		10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts,	0.65	
		missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product	0.65	
		characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5	
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections,	2.5 2.5	
		oxidation or icicle.	2.5	
		11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	0.65	
	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5	
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on	0.65 2.5	
		product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5	
12		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.	2.5	
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5	
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	2.5	
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.	0.65 0.65	
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on	0.65	
		packaging specification sheet.		
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65	

interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on 2.5	NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.		General	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to 	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Pixel C Light Pixel

10.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time.
- (10) DISPLAY has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) DISPLAY have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, DISPLAY have the right to modify the version.)

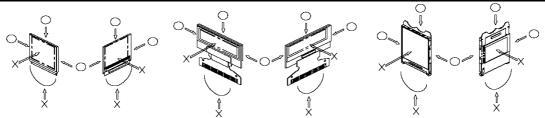
10.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
- * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.

Production Specification



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

10.2 Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from DISPLAY. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

10.3 Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.
- (8) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.

